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ABSTRACT

This Home Economics Educators Package (HEEP) is written to be used as a consumer education course on the selection of furniture. The objective of the course is for each student to know the types of furniture available and to be able to select furniture to meet present or future needs. This guide has been divided into four sections: a teachers section -- which states the idea, skill or attitude, and objectives to be learned; instructions to the teacher--which is a list of a variety of resource materials; instructions for evaluation -- a pretest and posttest with answer keys; and the student section -- which contains a pretest, a list of learning objectives, five lessons (with accompanying objectives, instructions, learning activities, and self-tests); followup instructions and a student evaluation form. (BP)



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ERIC

Selection Of Furniture

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TITLE:

SF! ECTION OF FURNITURE

SUBJECT:

Consumer Education

PERFORMANCE

LEVEL:

Senior High School

PURPOSE:

This HEEP is written to be used in a consumer education course. It may be pursued as an independent project in such a course. It is important for each student to be able to select furniture for his

present or future needs.

To make a decision, a person should have at his disposal a vast amount of reliable information. In this HEEP the participant is directed to a variety of information that would aid one in making

decisions on this unit.

PRODUCER:

Mary Ann McDevitt

PRODUCTION

CONSULTANT:

Dr. Phyllis K. Lowe Purdue University

1971

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SELECTION OF FURNITURE

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TEACHER'S SECTION

I. STATEMENT OF IDEA. SKILL, ATTITUDE

A. MAJOR IDEA, SKILL, OR ATTITUDE TO BE LEARNED

It is important for each student to know how to select furniture to meet his present or future needs.

B. CONSTITUENT IDEAS. SKILLS OR ATTITUDES

- 1. There are various styles of furniture available today:
 - a. Early American
 - b. Country
 - e. Traditional
 - d. French Provincial
 - e. Italian Provincial
 - t. Mediterranean
 - g. Modern
 - h. Contemporary
- 2. Certain factors need to be considered when buying wood furniture.
- 3. Certain factors need to be considered when buying upholstered furniture.
- 4. Certain factors need to be considered when buying furniture made of materials other than wood or upholstery:
 - a. Glass
 - b. Plastic
 - c. Metal
- 5. The ability to select furniture may help one to meet his present or future needs.

II. LEARNING OBJECTIVES

After completion of this HEEP, you will be able to complete the following objectives orally or in writing, according to information obtained in completing the HEEP.

- A. Given incomplete statements concerning today's furniture styles, you will be able to complete the statements.
- B. After a study of factors to consider when buying wood furniture, you will be able to:
 - 1. Identify the different types of wood and their characteristics.
 - 2. Complete statements concerning types of construction used in furniture.
- C. After completing various learning activities about factors to consider when buying upholstered furniture, you will be able to:
 - 1. Identify upholstery fabrics and their characteristics.
 - 2. Complete statements concerning fillers, methods, and laws which apply to upholstered furniture.
- D. After a study of factors to consider when buying furniture made of glass, plastic and metal, you will be able to:
 - 1. Complete statements concerning characteristics of the furniture.
 - 2. List advantages and disadvantages of the furniture.
- E. After completion of this HEEP, you will be able to select furniture to meet present or future needs.



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INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER

1. INSTRUCTIONAL APPROACH:

This HEEP lists the materials that are to be used by the teacher and students to fully acquaint them with selecting furniture. This material presents facts, data and other information that is pertinent to the topic -- SELECTION OF FURNITURE. Upon completion of the HEEP the students will have a knowledge of selecting furniture. A variety of instructional materials are suggested. This will enable each student to select materials that will best meet his preferred learning style.

IDENTIFICATION OF LEARNERS: 11.

The students that would benefit most from the HEEP are those on the senior high school level. The only prerequisite is the ability to read and write.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS: III.

- No special equipment is needed for this HEEP. Α.
- The materials for the HEEP may be obtained from the following sources: В.

BOOKS:

Craig. Hazel T. and Oie Day Rish. Home With Character, Boston: D. C. Heath and Company, 1966.

Wingate, Gillispie, Addison. Know Your Merchandise, New York: Frigg Division, McGraw-Hill Book Co., 1964.

PERIODICALS:

September, 1968 Better Homes and Gardens: October, 1970

March, 1969 Co-Ed: April, 1969

April, 1967 What's New in Home Economics:

> May-June, 1967 September, 1967 October, 1967 January, 1968 February, 1968 April, 1968 May-June, 1968 September, 1969

For Teacher Use Only: "Teaching Upholstered Furniture and Fabrics," Forecast for Home Economics, April 1969, pp. 34-35.



(continued)

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER

BOOKLETS AND PAMPHLETS:

"A Guide to the Construction and Care of Ethan Allen American Traditional Upholstered Furniture" (free)

"Know your Fabrics" (free)

"The Decorated Chair" (free)

"The Hidden Treasures in Ethan Allen Upholstery" (free)

Baumritter Corporation 145 East 32nd Street New York, N.Y. 10016

"Good Grooming for Furniture Finishes" (free)

"Re-upholstery Fabrics" (free)

"Today's Furnishing Fabrics" (free)

"Wise Buys in Used Furniture" (free)

Purdue University Agricultural Extension Service Lafayette, Indiana 47907

"How to Select Furniture" (free)

Consumer Education Division D/703
Sears, Roebuck and Company 925 South Homan Avenue Chicago, Illinois 60607

"Let's Talk about Furniture Fabrics" (free)

"Let's Talk about Furniture Styling" (free)

Consumer Education Division Kroehler Manufacturing Company Naperville, Illinois

"Your Home Furnishings Dollar" (25 cents)

Household Finance Corporation Prudential Plaza Chicago, Illinois 60601

Study Kit: "Home Furnishings Plastic" (free) Your J. C. Penney Store Manager

- C. Media Needed:
 - 1. Construction paper



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(continued)

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER

- 2. Magazines and newspapers which contain pictures of furniture and can be cut up.
- 3. Magic Markers.
- 4. Swatches of upholstery fabric.
- D. Facilities Needed:

Regular classroom and storage space for printed materials and media.

IV. FOLLOW-UP INSTRUCTIONS:

Suggested Experiences:

- 1. Read the article: "Plan the Room on Paper," Co-ed, March 1969, pp. 44 plus.
- 2. Read pamphlets: "Good Grooming for Furniture Finishes," "Re-upholstery Fabrics," and "Wise Buys in Used Furniture," available from teacher.
- 3. If any of your friends or relatives are getting ready to buy new furniture, try to help with the selection and purchase of it.



INSTRUCTIONS FOR EVALUATION

PRE-TEST

SELECTION OF FURNITURE

Directions: So that this HEEP may be used by other students, please write your answers on a separate sheet of paper. When you have finished the pre-test, take it to your teacher for evaluation.

Purpose of the Pre-Test: The pre-test will determine whether you need to complete this HEEP. You may have covered the material presented in the lessons in this HEEP. If you have, you will probably do well on the pre-test and need not complete this HEEP. However, if you do not do well on the pre-test, don't be discouraged. Turn to page 3 and study the learning objectives for this HEEP. Then proceed to Lesson One.

1-4.	Identify the styles of the four pieces of furniture shown on the front of this HEEP.									
5,	What style of furniture has become a bridge between modern and traditional furniture design?									
6.	What furniture style can blend with almost any period of furniture?									
7.	A native, fine furniture wood that is highly resistant to warping is									
8.	The most common softwood is									
9-10.	Upholstery fabrics are made either by a weave or a weave.									
11.	One of the most satisfactory of the synthetic fibers for upholstery has proved to be									
12.	Most plastic furniture has been made by the process.									
	PRE-TEST KEY									
1-4.	Hutch: Early American									
	Upholstered Chair: Country Look									
	Side Chair: Traditional									
	Sofa: Modern									
5.	Contemporary									
6.	Contemporary									
7.	Walnut									
8.	Cedar									
9-10.	Flat, pile									
11.	Nylon									
12.	Thermosetting									



POST TEST

SELECTION OF FURNITURE

Directions: Complete each statement with the correct word or words. So that this HEEP may be used by other students, please write your answers on a separate sheet of paper.

1.	Rectangular and massive oak furniture with spiral twist and Flemish scroll legs was typical of the period.
2.	A two-layered, round, fluted-edged table with the top layer smaller in diameter is the table.
3.	Duncan Phyfe's chairs frequently had backs.
4.	A popular contemporary furniture design of foreign origin ismodern.
5.	The period of a chair is often indicated by the shape of the
o.	Red-orange and black, bamboo and lacquer are associated withdecor.
7.	A native, fine furniture wood that is highly resistant to warping is
ઇ.	The wood most commonly used for furniture designed for colonial homes is
9.	The most common softwood is
10.	The wood that closely resembles mahogany and walnut and is frequently used with them is
11.	The Southern hardwood used for unexposed parts of furniture is
12.	The rectangular joint with a projection on one piece of wood that fits into a matching hole is the joint.
Dire	ections: Read each statement carefully. If true, write T; if false, write F.
13.	A loose, block-shaped tufting used for modern furniture is a biscuit.
14.	Damask is a Justrous fabric with a Jacquard weave pattern.
15.	The upholstery fabric that usually has a pictorial pattern is frieze.
I 6.	Boucle is identified by small spaced loops on surface, either plain or a combination of colors.
17.	A soft, luxurious fabric often used on elegant period furniture is matelasse.
18.	Tweed is woven with a third dimensional quality, either loops or cut ends.
19.	Most plastic furniture has been made by the thermosetting process.
20.	Clear plastic furniture is made from acrylic plastic.
21.	One of the most important improvements in furniture production history is the use of metal components.

GO ON TO NEXT PAGE

VIII



TRUE-FALSE - - Continued

- 22. A new furniture material that has the appearance and feel of wood is called vinyl veneer.
- 23. Furniture pieces made of plastic are usually more expensive than those made of wood.
- 24. One advantage of glass furniture is its ease of care.
- 25-30. DISCUSSION -- Look carefully at the upholstered chair indicated by your teacher. From what you've learned in this HEEP, answer the following questions (each question will count one point).
 - 1. What is the style of the chair?
 - 2. Would it be most appropriate in a formal or informal room?
 - 3. What type of wood are the legs and arms?
 - 4. Do the wood parts have a protective finish?
 - 5. What type is the upholstery fabric?
 - 6. Overall, is the chair well-constructed or poorly-constructed?

When you have finished this Post Test, take it to your teacher for evaluation.



POST TEST KEY

Jacobean

tier

3.	lyre
1.	Danish
5.	arm
5.	Chinese
7.	walnut
3.	maple
).	cedar
10.	birch
11.	gumwood
12.	mortise-and-tenon
13.	T
14.	T
15.	F
16.	Т
17.	F
18.	F
19.	T
20.	Т
21.	F
22.	T
23.	F
24.	F
25-3	30. Teacher must key this part after selection of an upholstered chair
	·



X

HEEP

SELECTION OF FURNITURE

THIS SECTION IS FOR STUDENT USE



PRE-TEST

PURPOSE OF THE PRE-TEST:

The pre-test will determine whether or not you need to complete this HEEP. You may have covered the material presented in the lessons in this HEEP and will do well on the pre-test. If so, you need not complete this HEEP. However, if you do not do well on the pre-test, don't be discouraged. Turn the page and study the learning objectives for this HEEP. Then proceed to Lesson One.

DIRECTIONS:

So that this HEEP may be used by other students, please write your answers on a separate sheet of paper. When you have finished the pre-test, take it to your teacher for evaluation.

- 1-4. Identify the styles of the four pieces of furniture shown on the front of this HEEP.
- 5. What style of furniture has become a bridge between modern and traditional furniture design?
- 6. What furniture style can blend with almost any period of furniture?
- 7. A native, fine furniture wood that is highly resistant to warping is
- 8. The most common softwood is ______.
- 9-10. Upholstery fabrics are made by either a _____ weave or a weave.
- 11. One of the most satisfactory of the synthetic fibers for upholstery has proved to be
- 12. Most plastic furniture has been made by the ______ process.



LEARNING OBJECTIVES

After completion of this HEEP, you will be able to complete the following objectives orally or in writing, according to information obtained in completing the HEEP.

- A. Given incomplete statements concerning today's furniture styles, you will be able to complete the statements.
- B. After a study of factors to consider when buying wood furniture, you will be able to:
 - 1. Identify the different types of wood and their characteristics.
 - 2. Complete statements concerning types of construction used in wood furniture.
- C. After completing various learning activities about factors to consider when buying upholstered furniture, you will be able to:
 - 1. Identify upholstery fabrics and their characteristics.
 - 2. Complete statements concerning fillers, methods, and laws which apply to upholstered furniture.
- D. After a study of factors to consider when buying furniture made of glass, plastic, and metal, you will be able to:
 - 1. Complete statements concerning characteristics of the furniture.
 - 2. List advantages and disadvantages of the furniture.
- E. After completion of this HEEP, you will be able to select furniture to meet present or future needs.



LESSON NUMBER ONE

CONSTITUENT: There are various styles of furniture available today.

a. Early American

b. Country

c. Traditional

d. French Provincial

e. Italian Provincial f. Mediterranean

g. Modern

h. Contemporary

OBJECTIVE: Given incomplete statements concerning today's furniture styles, you

will be able to complete the statements orally or in writing.

INSTRUCTIONS: Select any or all of the learning activities listed below to help you to

recognize today's furniture styles.

LEARNING ACTIVITIES:

1. Read: Know Your Merchandise. Wingate, Gillespie, Addison, pp. 140-148.

Homes with Character, Craig and Rush. pp. 161-185.

Pamphlet: "Let's Talk About Furniture Styling:" available from teacher.

Article: "Home Furnishings: Nineteenth Century" pp. 42-43, April

1968 issue of What's New In Home Economics.

Article: "Home Furnishings: Modern" pp. 34-35, May, June 1968

issue of What's New in Home Economics.

Article: "Fabric and Furniture Go-Togethers" pp. 51-84. April 1969

issue of Co-ed.

2. Look: Through the magazines and newspapers provided in the classroom for

different styles of furniture. ATTACH them to construction paper, and LABEL them. (Magic markers and construction paper are available from the teacher.) DISCUSS your examples with classmates and with

the teacher.

3. Identify: The styles of pieces of furniture you have at home.

As a result of the Learning Activities you have done for Lesson One, turn to the following page and take the Self Test for Lesson One.



4

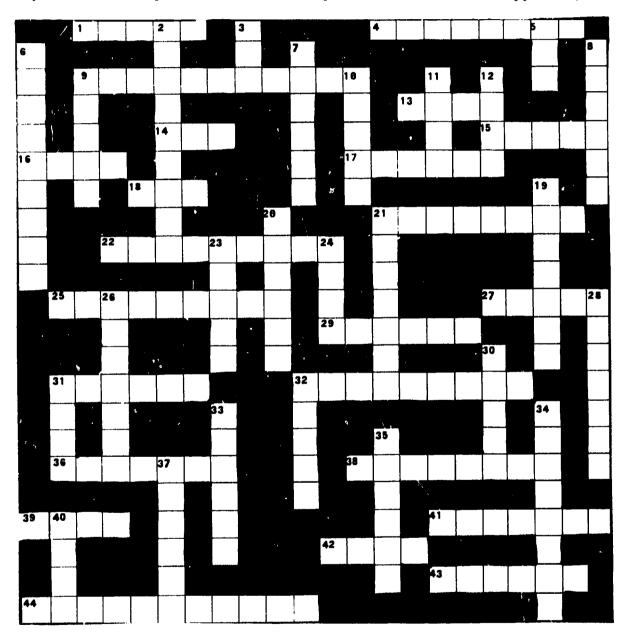
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SELF TEST FOR LESSON ONE

BEZL CODY AVAILABLE

		С	R	0	S	S	W	0	R	D	?
	•	,	P	U	Z	Z	L	E			
F	U	R	N	1	T	U	R	E			
	•				1		F	A	C	T	S

Directions: Read the clues to complete the crossword puzzle below. So that this HEEP may be used by other students, please do not fill in this puzzle -- obtain another copy from your teacher.



ACROSS

- 4. Rectangular and massive oak furniture with spiral twist and Flemish scroll legs was typical of the _____ period.
- 9. Chairs with ribbon backs and upholstered wing backs were typical of ______.
- 13. During the Victorian period metal pulls were replaced by those made of ______
- 14. One of the most popular motifs during the Adam period was the _____.



10.	During the Jacobean period one of the popular moths was the
16.	
17.	Duncan Phyfe's chairs frequently hadbacks.
18.	Lamp, step and Pembroke tables can serve astables.
21.	The chan most commonly associated with the Jacobean period is the
22.	A piece of furniture for holding articles of table service is the
25.	A sofa made in two or more pieces which may be used separately or placed together is called a
27.	Hepplewhite chair backs were often made in the shape of an interlacing
29.	During the Adam period medallions often decorated the fireplace
31.	A popular contemporary furniture design of foreign origin is modern.
32.	A typical Early American Style was the dining table with supports shaped like the wings of a
36.	
38.	by
39.	
41.	A widely used chair in Early American adaptations is the rocker.
42.	A console table is often made so its top wiliagainst the wall.
43.	A Victorian oval-back chair was often called the back chair.
44.	Sideboards with tapering legs, continuously curved arms and serpentine lines were typical of of
DOV	WN
2.	During the William and Mary period a typical leg was the (two words).
3.	During the William and Mary period a commonly used foot resembling a flattened ball was called the foot.
5.	The period of a chair is often indicated by the shape of the
6.	During the William and Mary period legs were reinforced with an X
7.	The sofa with straight lines that blend well with any contemporary furnishings is the
8.	Chippendale's furniture reflected Gothic, Oriental andinfluence.
9.	One of Heppelwhite's most graceful chairs had a back.
10.	A Duncan Physe mirror was usually decorated with a brass During the Victorian period a carved decoration usually took the form of a fruit, a bud or a
11.	
	The eighteenth century neoclassic architects who greatly influenced furniture styles by coordinating interiors with exteriors were the brothers.
	A continuous chair arm that curves backward is said to be
20.	
21.	A typical victorian piece for displaying odds and ends was the shell.
23.	
24.	table.
	Red-orange and black, bamboo and lacquer are associated with decor.
28.	
	instrument was named the leg.
30.	American Georgian desks were often made withtops.
31.	Gate leg, harvest and Pembroke tables are variations of leaf tables.
32.	
33.	A chair back with straight, parallel and horizontal rungs is the back.
-1-1-1	DNI TO NIUVT DACU ROD LAST OLIUC!



34.	A chair back with straight, parallel and vertical rungs is the	back.
35.	One of Hepplewhite's small delicate chairs had theback.	
37.	A low table placed in front of a sofa or couch is called a	table.
40.	Fiddle back chairs with shell carving, cabriole legs with club foot, and fine warm	at
	grain were characteristic of the Queenperiod.	

SOURCE: What's New in Home Economics, January 1970, pp. 34-35.

When you have finished this Self Test, turn to the back of this HEEP to see if your answers are acceptable. If you have missed any of the parts refer back to the materials assigned for this lesson. Compare your answers with the acceptable answers.



LESSON NUMBER TWO

CONSTITUENT: Certain factors need to be considered when buying wood furniture.

OBJECTIVE: After a study of factors to consider when buying wood furniture, you

will orally or in writing be able to:

1. Identify the different types of wood and their characteristics

2. Complete statements concerning types of construction used in

wood furniture.

INSTRUCTIONS: Select any or all of the learning activities listed below to help you to

understand factors to consider when buying wood furniture.

LEARNING ACTIVITIES:

1. Read: Know Your Merchandise, Wingate, Gillespie, Addison, pp. 624-645.

Homes with Character, Craig and Rush, pp. 257-260.

Booklet: "How to Select Furniture" pp. 4-7; available from teacher.

Pamphlet: "The Decorated Chair;" available from teacher.

Pamphlet: "Let's Talk About Furniture Styling;" available from teacher.

Booklet: "Your Home Furnishings Dollar" pp. 30-32; available from teacher.

Article: "Buying Case Goods" pp. 54-55, March 1969 issue of Co-ed.

Article: "What to Look for in Buying Quality Wood Furniture" pp. 126-129,

November 1968 issue of Better Homes and Gardens.

Article: "Smart Buyer's Guide to What's New: Wood Furniture" pp. 8-10,

September 1968 issue of Better Homes and Gardens.

Article: "The Superfinishes Have Arrived! Beautiful and Practical, Too"

pp. 75-76, September 1969 issue of What's New in Home Economics.

2. Make: A list of woods used for traditional, Early American, and modern furniture.

Include samples, if possible.

3. Ask: The industrial arts teacher to demonstrate how the different kinds of join-

ings used in furniture are made.

4. Visit: A furniture store; LOOK carefully at pieces of wood furniture in various

price ranges.

As a result of the Learning Activities you have done for Lesson Two, turn to the following page and take the Self Test for Lesson Two.



SELF TEST FOR LESSON TWO

WOULD YOU KNOW WOOD?

DIRECTIONS:		Match the characteristics of wood listed on the left to the types of wood listed on the right. So that this HEEP may be used by other students, please write your answers on a separate sheet of paper.								
		Characteristics	Typ	es of Wood						
	l.	A native, fine furniture wood highly resistant to warping.	A.	Maple						
	2.	Closely resembles mahogany and walnut	В.	Walnut						
	3.	Rugged and sturdy-looking, is especially adaptable to heavy, masculine looking furniture	C.	Phillipine mahogany						
	4.	Most commonly used for furniture designed for colonial homes.	D.	Pine						
	5.	Southern hardwood used for unexposed parts of furniture.	E.	Cedar						
	6.	Most common softwood	F.	Gumwood						
	7.	A type of mahogany that is an inferior quality	G.	Oak						
			Н.	Cuban mahogany						
JOT	IN THE T	YPE OF JOINT! Complete each sentence with the correct	words.							
8.		g joint that uses two round pegs inserted into holes in adjoing joint,	ning pi	eces of wood						
9.	The recta	ngular joint with a projection on one piece of wood that fit	s into a	ı matching						
		that wide drawers will open smoothly when only one draw is installed.	er pull	is used, a						



When you have finished this Self Test, turn to the back of this HEEP to see if your answers are acceptable. If you have missed any of the parts, refer back to the materials assigned for this

lesson. Compare your answers with the acceptable answers.

LESSON NUMBER THREE

CONSTITUENT:

Certain factors need to be considered when buying upholstered furniture.

OBJECTIVE:

After completing various learning activities about factors to consider when buying upholstered furniture, you will orally or in writing be able to:

1. Identify upholstery fabrics and their characteristics.

2. Complete statements concerning fillers, methods, and laws which apply to upholstered furniture.

INSTRUCTIONS:

Select any or all of the learning activities listed below to help you to understand factors to consider when buying upholstered furniture.

I. Read:

Know Your Merchandise, Wingate, Gillespie, Addison, pp. 645-651 and pp. 273-278.

Homes with Character, Craig and Rush, pp. 260-262.

Pamphlet: "Let's Talk About Furniture Styles," available from teacher.

Booklet: "How to Select Furniture" pp. 8-11; available from teacher.

Booklet: "Your Home Furnishings Dollar" pp. 32-33; available from teacher.

Pamphlet: "Let's Talk About Upholstery Fabrics," available from teacher.

Pamphlet: "A Guide to the Construction and Care of Ethan Allen American Traditional Upholstered Furniture," available from teacher.

Pamphlet: "Know Your Fabrics," available from teacher.

Pamphlet: "The Hidden Treasures in Ethan Allen Upholstery," available from teacher.

Pamphlet: "Today's Furnishing Fabric," available from teacher.

Article: "Fabric and Furniture Co. - Togethers," pp. 51, 84. April 1969 issue of Co-ed.

Article: "Upholstered Furniture," pp. 62-63, April 1969 issue of Co-ed.

2. Look: At the swatches of upholstery fabric, which are available from the teacher. Try to identify them.

3. Make: A list of fabrics used for upholstering furniture. Tell advantages and disadvantages of each.

4. Visit: A furniture store. LOOK carefully at pieces of upholstered furniture in various price ranges.

As a result of the Learning Activities you have done for Lesson Three, turn to the following page and take Self Test for Lesson Three.



SELF TEST FOR LESSON THREE

DIR	ECTION	•	Complete each statement with the correct word or words. So that this HEEP may be used by other students, please write your answers on a separate sheet of paper.							
1.		nod which permits the customer to select the uphol	stery fabric	c is to sell the furniture						
2.		g laws in most states require the manufacturers of ched label the	upholstered	I furniture to state on						
3.	Inexpe	nsive foam-rubber cushions may be made by using	-	foam.						
4.	A loose	e, block-shaped tufting used for modern furniture is	S	·						
5.	The tra	ditional status symbol of furniture fillers is		_ or						
	BRIC FA	CTS. Match the types of upholstery fabrics listed eft.	on the rig	ht to their characteris-						
		Characteristics	<u>U</u> ph	olstery Fabrics						
	1.	Lustrous fabric with Jacquard weave pattern. Reversible with wrong side showing same	A.	Boucle						
		design as front only in reverse.	В.	Damask						
	2.	Has a ribbed surface with multicolor design; usually pictorial pattern.	C.	Frieze						
	3.	•	D.	Matelasse						
	3.	Identified by small spaced loops on surface, either plain or combination of colors.	E.	Tapestry						
	4.	Soft, luxurious fabric often used on elegant	F.	Tweed						
	_	period furniture.	G.	Velvet						
	5.	A Jacquard weave; in its true form is made of 2 layers of material woven together.								
	6.	Is woven with third dimensional quality; either loops or cut ends.								
<u></u>	7.	Rough-textured material without definite nattern: uses various colors of varus.								



WATCH THE WEAVE!

Letter your paper from A to G and decide whether each of the corresponding fabrics listed on the previous page is a flat weave or pile weave. White F for flat weave, or P for pile weave.

A - E -

B - F -

C- G-

D-

When you have finished this Self Test, turn to the back of this HEEP to see if your answers are acceptable. If you have missed any of the parts refer back to the materials assigned for this lesson. Compare your answers with the acceptable answers.



LESSON NUMBER FOUR

CONSTITUENT:

Certain factors need to be considered when buying furniture made of materials other than wood or upholstery:

- a. Glass
- b. Plastic
- c. Metal

OBJECTIVE:

After a study of factors to consider when buying furniture made of glass, plastic, and metal, you will orally or in writing be able to:

- 1. Complete statements concerning characteristics of the furniture.
- 2. List advantages and disadvantages of the furniture.

INSTRUCTIONS:

Select any or all of the learning activities listed below to help you to understand factors to consider when buying furniture made of materials other than wood or upholstery.

LEARNING ACTIVITIES:

1. Read: Know Your Merchandise, Wingate, Gillespie, Addison, pp. 300-313.

Article: "What Jet-Age Furniture Materials Mean to the Consumer" p. 66, September 1968 issue of What's New in Home Economics.

Study Kit: "Home Furnishings Plastic;" available from teacher.

2. Visit: A furniture store; LOOK at pieces made from glass, plastic or metal.

3. Interview: Someone who has furniture made from glass, plastic, or metal. Find out how well they like it, how it's wearing, cost, care, etc.

As a result of this Learning Activities you have done in Lesson Four, turn to the following page and take the Self Test for Lesson Four.



SELF TEST FOR LESSON FOUR

REFLECT YOUR KNOWLEDGE OF GLASS, PLASTIC AND METAL FURNITURE

DIRECTIONS:		Complete each sentence with the correct word or words (num through 5); answer each question as indicated (numbers 6-10) that this HEEP may be used by other students, please write you answers on a separate sheet of paper.					
1.	Most plastic fur	niture has been made by the	process.				
2.	Clear plastic fu	rniture is made from	plastic.				
3.		t important improvements in furniture pcomponents.	production history is the use of				
4.	A new furniture	e material that has the appearance and fe	eel of wood is				
5.	The new furnit	ure that comes in a small case and is then	1 blown up to size is called				
6.	Are furniture p wood?	ieces made of plastic usually more or les	s expensive than those made of				
7-8.	Name an advan	tage and a disadvantage of glass furniture	· ·				
9-10).Name an advan	tage and a disadvantage of metal furnitu	re:				

When you have finished this Self Test, turn to the back of this HEEP to see if your answers are acceptable. If you have missed any of the parts refer back to the materials assigned for this lesson. Compare your answers with the acceptable answers.



LESSON NUMBER FIVE

CONSTITUENT: The ability to select furniture may help one to meet his present or

future needs.

OBJECTIVE: After completion of this HEEP, you will be able to select furniture

to meet present or future needs.

INSTRUCTIONS: Select any or all of the learning activities listed below to help you to

select furniture.

LEARNING ACTIVITIES:

1. Read: Any of the sources listed for previous lessons to help you to select

furniture.

2. Visit: A furniture store. Note qualities of all types of furniture in various

price ranges.

3. Observe: Furniture in your friends' or relatives' rooms, in offices, public buildings,

etc.. Try to recognize the style, wood, finish, and upholstery fabric, and

other materials used.

As a result of the Learning Activities you have done in Lesson Five, turn to the following page and take the Self Test for Lesson Five.



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SELF TEST FOR LESSON FIVE

DIRECTIONS:

Assume that you are a young wife with two small children. You and your husband are building a new home and must buy all new (or used) furniture as you are moving from a furnished apartment. Using the knowledge you gained from this HEEP, write a report on the type of furniture you would choose for each of the rooms listed below. Include reasons for your choices. Designate the style, wood (or other material), finish and upholstery fabric (include pictures and/or swatches, if possible). Also, state approximate price, if known.

Living Room

Family Room

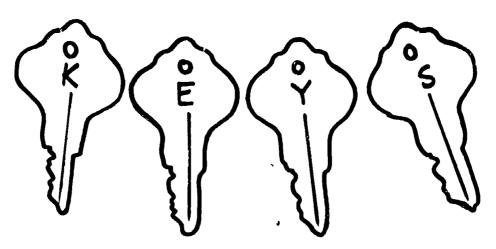
Dining Room

Master Bedroom

Children's Bedrooms

When you have finished this Self Test, take it to your teacher to see if it is acceptable. If it is acceptable, and you feel that you are not competent in the area of furniture selection, take the Post Test. It will cover all the lessons and is available from your teacher.





ANSWERS TO SELF TEST NUMBER ONE

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	N			<u></u>	F		R				42 T	I	L	Т					T		
	N				E		•						D		43 C	0	R	S	E	T	
44 H	E	P	P	L	E	w	Н	I	Т	E									R		

ANSWERS TO SELF TEST NUMBER TWO

- В
- 1. 2. 3. D
- 8. double doweling9. mortise-and-tenon
- H
- 10. center guide
- 4. Α
- G F C 5.
- 6.
- 7.

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ANSWERS TO SELF TEST NUMBER THREE

(Part One):

(Part Two):

1. muslin

- I, B
- 6. C

2. filling

- 2. E
- 7. **F**

3. urethane

3. A

4. biscuit

- 4. G
- 5. goose down, feathers
- 5. D

(Part Three):

A-F

E-F

B-F

F-F

C - P

G-P

D-F

ANSWERS TO SELF TEST NUMBER FOUR

- 1. thermosetting
- 2. acrylic
- 3. molded plastic
- 4. vinyl veneer
- 5. inflatable plastic
- 6. Less
- 7-8. Advantages: beauty, simplicity

Disadvantages: break able, hard to care for

9-10.Advantages: durable, easy to care for

Disadvantages: heavy, may rust



IV. FOLLOW-UP INSTRUCTIONS

A. Suggested Experiences

- 1. Read the article: "Plan the Room on Paper," pp. 42 plus, March 1969 issue of Co-ed.
- 2. Read pamphlets: "Good Grooming for Furniture Finishes." "Re-upholstery Fabrics," and "Wise Buys in Used Furniture," available from teacher.
- 3. If any of your friends or relatives are getting ready to buy new furniture, try to help with the selection and purchase of it.



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STUDENT EVALUATION FORM OF THIS HEEP

Instructions:

So that this HEEP may be used by other students, please write your answers on a separate sheet of paper. Please answer all the questions, and return it to your teacher when you have finished. You don't need to sign your name.

- Before you started this HEEP, did you know very much about this topic?
 Do you feel that you now know more about this topic?
 Do you like the HEEP method of learning, or the conventional method of learning best?
 What did you like best about this HEEP?
 What did you dislike the most about this HEEP?
 How could this HEEP be improved?
- 7. Rate this HEEP with a value from 1 to 5. One means you think this HEEP "stinks", three means you think this HEEP is "OK"; and five means you think this HEEP is "groovy". Two and four fall between "stinks" and "OK", or "OK" and "groovy".

Your rating:



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The Home Economics Education Association is a voluntary organization of home economics educators and others associated with or interested in home economics instruction in schools and colleges. Home economics educators are dedicated to helping each individual help himself through a better understanding and control of family and community life. They work to improve the quality of home economics instruction and to broaden the scope of the curriculum.

PURPOSES: To promote effective programs of home economics education, to supplement existing services available to home economics educators, to cooperate with other associations in related fields, and to publish materials of interest to home economics educators.

TYPES OF ANNUAL MEMBERSHIP: Active - Open to anyone actively engaged in teaching, supervision, or administration of home economics in schools and colleges. \$5.

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